

Class- 6

Ashoka the emperor who gave up war

Important terms and concepts

Empire –large kingdom where different types of people live in different part of the

Dynasty-When members of the same family become rulers one after another.

Kingdoms-Provinces .Big cities of an empire .empire were divided into provinces to administer them efficiently

Dhamma –Prakrit word for the Sanskrit term Dharma.

Tribute Unlike taxes which were collected on a regular basis

Brahmi script .Most of all inscription of Ashoka were published in brahmi script and many modern languages Have developed from this script .

Answer the following question with the help of keywords.

1.Make a list of a list of the occupation of the people who live in Mauryan empire .



2Write about Rampurwa bull.

(page no 80 of history book)



Write about great wall of China.

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4. Read the passage and write the answer of following question

People perform a variety of ritual when they fall ill, when their children get marriage, when children are born or when they go on a journey. These ritual are not useful if instead, people observe other practices this would be more fruitful. These are being gentle men with slaves and servants, respecting one elder, giving gift to Brahmins and monks

i. What are these other practices .

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ii. When did people perform ritual practices .

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Why do think slaves and servants were ill treated? do you think the order of the emperor would have improve their condition give reason for your answer .

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2 : ASHOKA, THE EMPEROR WHO GAVE UP WAR

I. Fill in the blanks :

1. The war of _____ made Ashoka renounce war and embrace _____.
2. City of Pataliputra had _____ towers and _____ gates.
3. Ashoka appointed _____ to spread his Dhamma.
4. Ashokan pillar with figures of four lions is located at _____.
5. The Mauryan empire was divided into _____ provinces, each under a _____.
6. The ports of South India were important for export of _____.
7. About 2400 years ago emperor in China began building the _____.

II. Multiple choice questions :

1. Which animal figure in our National emblem ?
a. Mouse b. Elephant c. Lion d. Peacock
2. Who was the father of Ashoka ?
a. Bindusar b. Bimbisar
c. Chandragupta d. Ajatshatru
3. Which city lay on the route from North to South ?
a. Sopara b. Takshila c. Sarnath d. Ujjain
4. Which of the following is a Sanskrit word for Dhamma ?
a. Mahamatta b. Dharma
c. Dhamma d. None of these
5. Mauryan empire flourished due to
a. Gangetic plains b. Presence of Iron ore
c. Both (a) and (b) d. None of these

III. Match the following :

Column I

- A. Megasthenes
- B. Rock edicts
- C. Stupa
- D. Kautilya
- E. Ashokan capital
- F. Kalinga

Column II

- 1. Ashoka
- 2. National emblem
- 3. Greek ambassador
- 4. Ancient name of Orissa
- 5. Arthashastra
- 6. Sanchi near Bhopal

IV. True or false :

- a. Ujjain was the gateway to the north-west.
- b. Chandragupta's ideas were written down in the Arthashastra.
- c. Kalinga was the ancient name of Bengal.
- d. Most Ashokan inscriptions are in the Brahmi script.

V. Answer the questions below :

1. What made Ashoka give up war after the war of Kalinga?

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2. Who was Chanakya ? What was he known for ?

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3. Name the important ruler of Mauryan dynasty ?

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4. Write few lines about city of Pataliputra ?

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5. What were the problem that Ashoka wanted to solve with his Dhamma ?

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VI. On the outline map of India show the following :

Color the boundary of Ashokan empire

Mark and write the names of important sites of rock edicts - Maski, Sopara, Girnar, Sanchi, Kandahar

Important sites of pillar edicts - Sarnath, Sanchi Important cities - Pataliputra, Ujjain, Taxila

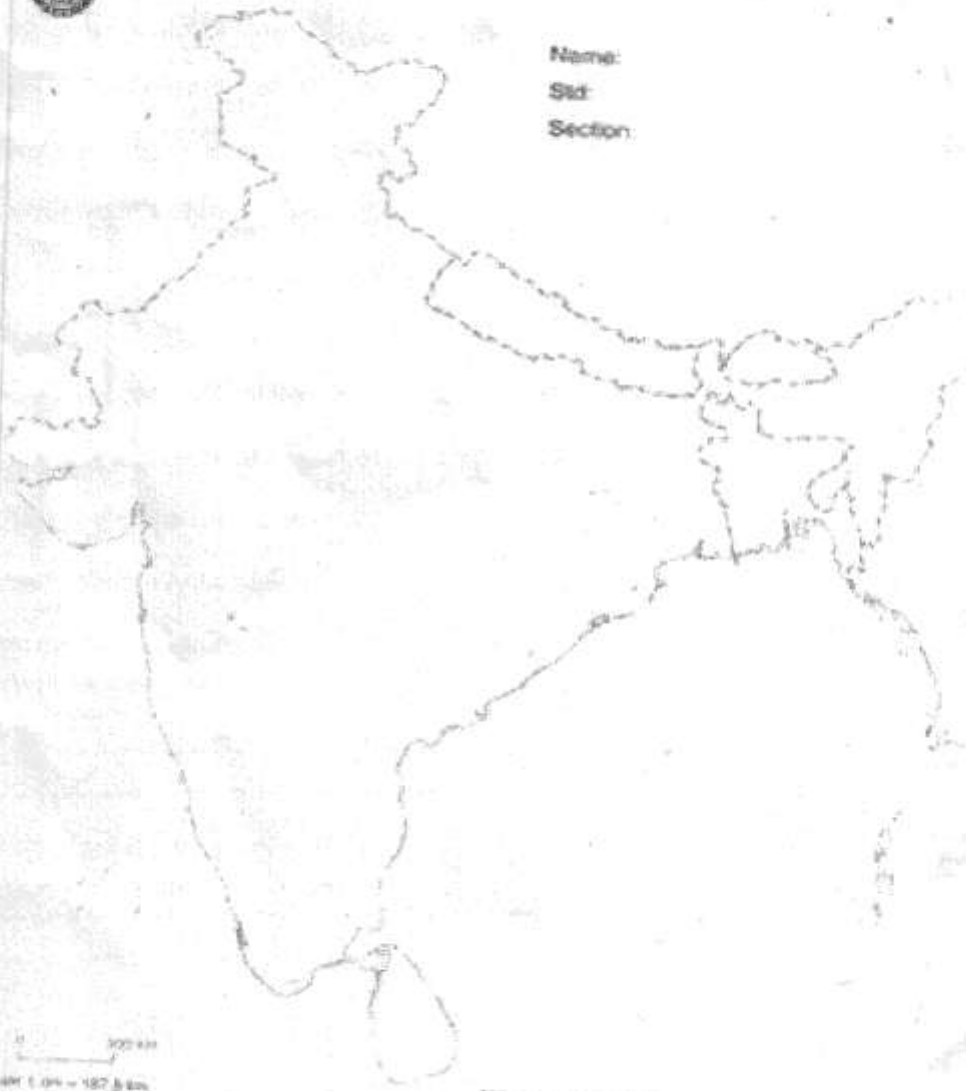
INDIA OUTLINE



Name:

Std:

Section:



Scale 1 cm = 100 km

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Vital, Villages Thriving Towns

Important terms and concepts

Irrigation -waterion the Plant

Port - A harbour of a town possessing a harbor

Ring well – a type of well used for irrigation or drainage

Shreni- An organization of craft person or traders is called shreni

Sangam- some of the Litrary works in Tamil knoen as sangam

Triving – to become and continue to be successful

Timeline

- i. Beginnig of the use of iron in the subcontinent –about 3000 years ago.
- ii. Increase in the use of Iron cities ,punch marked coins-about 2500 year ago
- iii. Begging of the composition of sangam literature –about 2300 years ago
- iv. Settllment in Arikamedu-Between 2200 and 1900 years ago

Anwser the following

1. Write a short of Mathura .

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2. What are the stages of construction of irrigational work.

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11. Ploughmen were known as _____ in Tamil.
12. Most grihapatis were _____ landowners.

III. Multiple choice questions :

1. Which methods were used for irrigation in ancient period ?
 - a. Canal
 - b. Wells
 - c. Tanks
 - d. All of them
2. Who worked for others in their fields ?
 - a. Karmakaras
 - b. Grihapatis
 - c. Vellalars
 - d. None of them
3. What was the only resource of the poor man in the Jataka tale ?
 - a. Dead cat
 - b. Dead rat
 - c. Dead horse
 - d. Dead Lion
4. What was decorated with the sculptures ?
 - a. Railings
 - b. Pillars
 - c. Gateways
 - d. All of these
5. Ring wells found in various cities were used for
 - a. Irrigation
 - b. Bathing
 - c. Drainage
 - d. None of these
6. Mathura was important as a
 - a. Trading center
 - b. Religious place
 - c. Both (a) and (b)
 - d. None of these
7. Which of these helps us to find out about cities ?
 - a. Stories
 - b. Travelers
 - c. Sculptures
 - d. All of these
8. Second capital of Kushanas was
 - a. Mathura
 - b. Taxila
 - c. Agra
 - d. Bharuch
9. Ring wells were used for
 - a. Bathing
 - b. Washing clothes
 - c. Irrigation
 - d. Drainage
10. Punch marked coins were made of
 - a. Silver
 - b. Gold
 - c. Tin
 - d. Ivory

IV. Match the following :

Column I

- A. Arretine
- B. Amphorae
- C. Coastal cities
- D. Religious cities
- E. South India
- F. North India
- G. Cloth mfg.
- H. Augustus

Column II

- 1. Mathura
- 2. Kadasiyan and Adimai
- 3. Stamped red glazed pottery
- 4. Tall double handled jars
- 5. Varanasi and Madurai
- 6. Month of August
- 7. Bharuch and Arikamedu
- 8. Grihapatis

V. Answer the questions below :

1. What do you mean by the term 'Sangam literature' ?

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2. Describe various functions performed in the city of Mathura ?

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3. What was the function of Grama Bhojaka ?

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4. List the craft persons who would have been present in both village

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5. What do the archaeological evidence of this period tell us?

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Urban Administration - Important Terms

Local self government .Three tier system 1.Nagar Panchayat 2.Municipalities
3.municipal corporation

Ward Councillor- Elected representative of a ward in a corporation

Municipality -Municipal council are generally set up in those cities whose population is more than 20000.

1. Picture Related Questions



1, Which way do you think provides safety to the person disposing garbage ?

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2, What are the danger of collecting garbage in the manner shoewn in 2 photograph?

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